

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

NATHAN SPIRA
on behalf of himself and
all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

DIVERSIFIED CONSULTANTS, INC.

Defendant.

FILED
IN CLERK'S OFFICE
U S DISTRICT COURT E D N Y

★ JUN 03 2014 ★

LONG ISLAND OFFICE

CV - 14 3496

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Introduction

JOHNSON, J.

J. ORENSTEIN, M.J.

1. Plaintiff Nathan Spira seeks redress for the illegal practices of Diversified Consultants, Inc., concerning the collection of debts, in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA").

Parties

2. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
3. Plaintiff is a consumer as that term is defined by Section 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA, in that the alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff a consumer debt.
4. Upon information and belief, Defendant's principal place of business is located in Jacksonville, Florida.
5. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.

6. Defendant is a “debt collector” as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6).

Jurisdiction and Venue

7. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
8. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, in this district.

Allegations Particular to Nathan Spira

9. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
10. The Defendant has been attempting to contact the Plaintiff repeatedly over the last couple of months with the intent to harass the Plaintiff.
11. On one occasion within the past year, Defendant’s representative, Lesley contacted the Plaintiff in an attempt to collect on the alleged debt.
12. During that call, the Plaintiff requested that Defendant, Diversified Consultants, cease from further contacting him by phone.
13. The representative informed the Plaintiff that she would go ahead and remove his number from the Defendant’s calling list.
14. The Defendant nevertheless, continued to contact the Plaintiff repeatedly during the past year, though the Defendant had assured the Plaintiff that it would remove his number from its calling list.
15. The Defendant has harassed the Plaintiff by calling repeatedly.
16. The said telephone messages are in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices, 15

U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692d(5), 1692e, and 1692e(10).

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of himself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

17. Plaintiff re-states, re-alleges, and incorporates herein by reference, paragraphs one (1) through sixteen (16) as if set forth fully in this cause of action.
18. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of a class.
19. The Class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who called the consumer repeatedly within one year up to the date of the filing of the complaint; (a) the cause of the telephone call, message or hang up call was with a consumer seeking payment of a consumer debt; and (b) the Plaintiff asserts that the telephone messages were in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692d(5), 1692e, and 1692e(10).
20. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, a class action is appropriate and preferable in this case because:
 - A. Based on the fact that form telephonic messages are at the heart of this litigation, the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
 - B. There are questions of law and fact common to the class and these questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members. The principal question presented by this claim is whether the Defendant violated the FDCPA.

C. The only individual issue is the identification of the consumers who received such telephonic messages, (*i.e.* the class members), a matter capable of ministerial determination from the records of the Defendant.

D. The claims of the Plaintiff are typical of those of the class members. All are based on the same facts and legal theories.

E. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the class members' interests. The Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class actions and collection-abuse claims. The Plaintiff's interests are consistent with those of the members of the class.

21. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of the class members' claims. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k). The members of the class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications resulting in the establishment of inconsistent or varying standards for the parties and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.
22. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, the Plaintiff will seek to certify a class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
23. Collection attempts, such as those made by the Defendant are to be evaluated by the objective standard of the hypothetical "least sophisticated consumer."

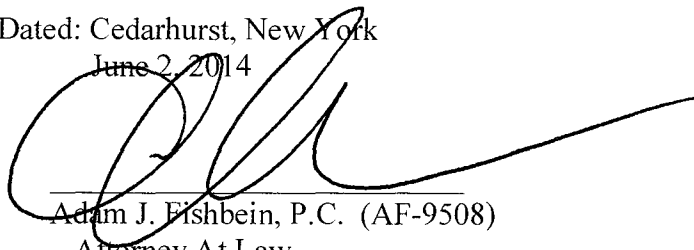
Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

24. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
25. Because the Defendant violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and the members of the class are entitled to damages in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, respectfully requests preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, and that this Court enter judgment in his favor and against the Defendant and award damages as follows:

- (a) Statutory and actual damages provided under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k);
- (b) Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action; and
- (c) Any other relief that this Court deems appropriate and just under the circumstances.

Dated: Cedarhurst, New York
June 2, 2014

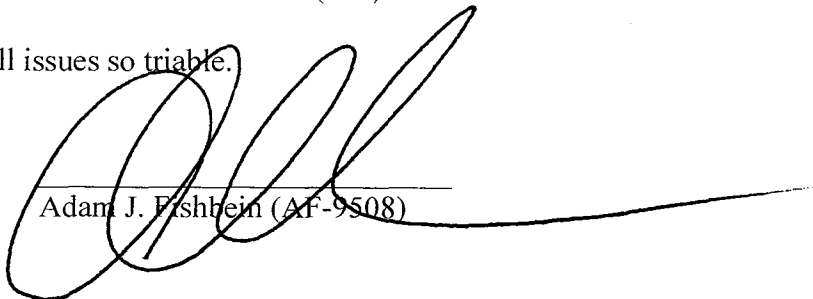


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Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all issues so triable.



Adam J. Fishbein (AF-9508)